



















10 TEST STAMP

THE KA

STAMPS 440 TEST STAMP







NO POSTAGE

RENA

TEST STAMP





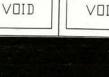












SSP

TEST



FOR TESTING PURPOSES ONLY

NO POSTAGE

RENA

TEST STAMP



FOR TESTING PURPOSES ONLY

NO POSTAGE

RENA

TEST STAMP

NO POSTAGE

RENA

TEST STAMP



SSP	
TEST	
VOID	

SSP	
TEST	
VIII	

SSP
TEST
VDID

SSP
TEST
VOID

STANDARD STAND STAND AFFIXER EVERETT MASS,

POSTCRAFT STAMPAFFIXER





SSP

TEST

VOID

SSP

TEST

VOID

NO POSTAGE

RENA

TEST STAMP













SEALS, STAMPS AND COUNTS IO, OOO ; ENVELOPES PER HOUR

36bO 445 TEST STAMP

SEALS. STAMPS AMD COUNTS IO. OOO EMVELOPES PER HOUR

- RUBEKA

TEST STAMP

4 FTAMPS

0

EUREKA

0











The "MAILOMAT"

To mail a letter you (1) drop money in coin slot (2) dial correct postage denomination (3) insert letter in letter slot. The machine does the rest; automatically takes your letter, prints postage and postmark on it, and holds it for collection... provides postage from 1c to 33c, including Air Mail, Special Delivery, etc., with no premium for postage. Metered mail needs less postofice handling, often catches earlier trains and planes, starts on its way sooner. who have letters to mail—and no stamps. It is a "self-service postoffice" that mails your letters without need of adhesive stamps.

The "Mailomat" is a pre-war invention of Pitney-Bowes Postage Meter Co., Stamford, Conn., now converted to war production; was developed in cooperation with the U. S. Post Office Dept. to facilitate public use of the mails in post office lobbies, railway terminals, etc. Manufacturing will begin when the war is won. Try this new "stampless" postal service now. Use this card to say "hello" to that boy in Service. And when using the mails these days, at home or office, remember to mail early and often... to help clear the track for war mail ... and to help the Post Office help you!

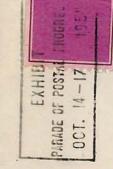


MFD. BY BROOKLYN MAILING DEVICE CO., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

......

PLACE STAMP HERE

RETURN POSTAGE GUARANTEED

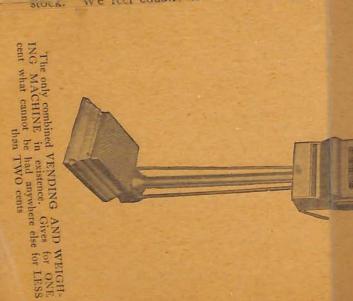


A DOUBLE VALUE INVESTMENT OPPOR

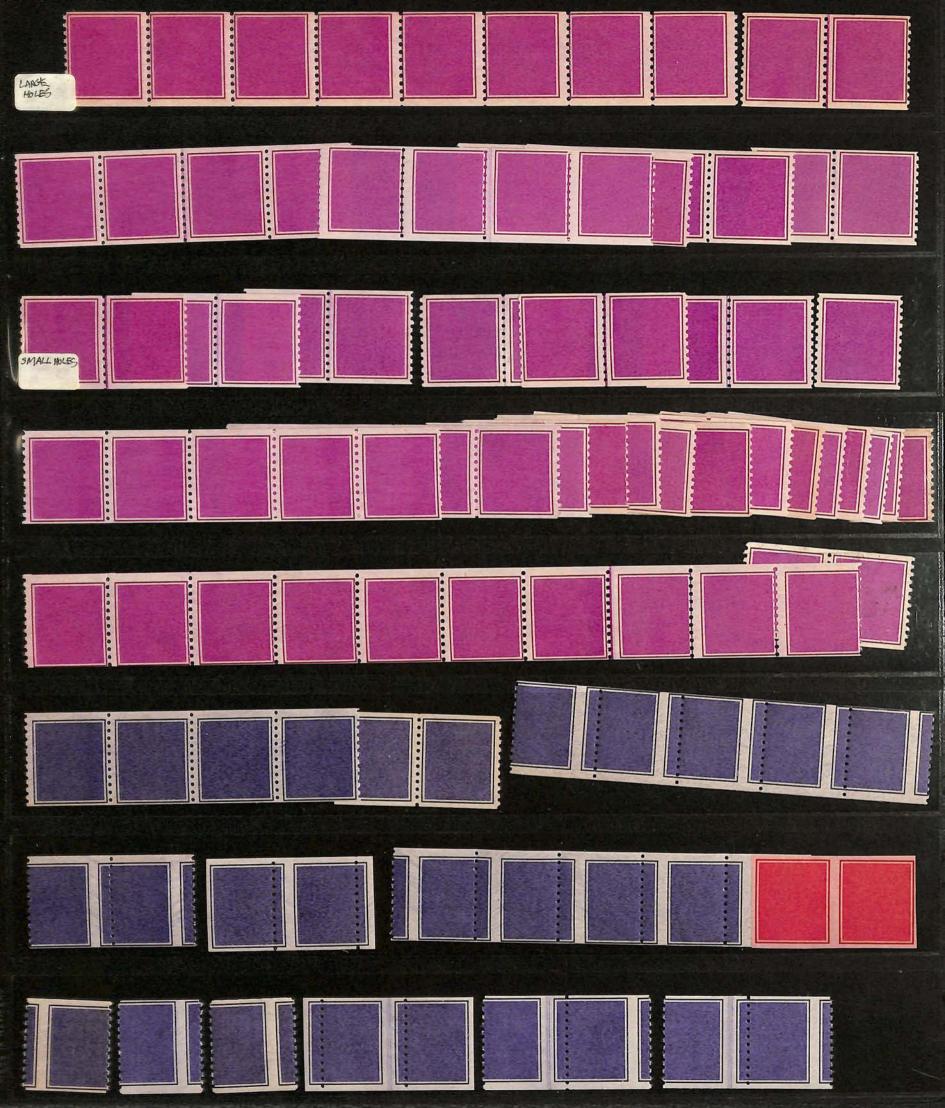
Mr. William C. Bolton, of the well known Rike who is a director of the DOUBLE VALUE VENDING COMPA a letter from a friend regarding the advisability of purch Cumulative Preferred Treasury stock that this letter an in detail, wrote:

"I have thought sufficiently well of it (The Double Vending Company) to put in my good money and observation, I believe this machine, in the next few yeld displace all present vending and weighing machines, one man who controls 2,500 machines in Greater Ne and he assures me that he will displace every one of a replace with our machines the minute we are ready to This seems to be the sentiment of every one handling machines who has seen this new one."

The success of any industrial company is so lar upon its management that an expression of opinion from as to its future is of great interest to prospective stock. We feel county as sanguing that this is going





























































































STATION

































POSTALLY CANCELED WAVY LINES TRENTON, NJ



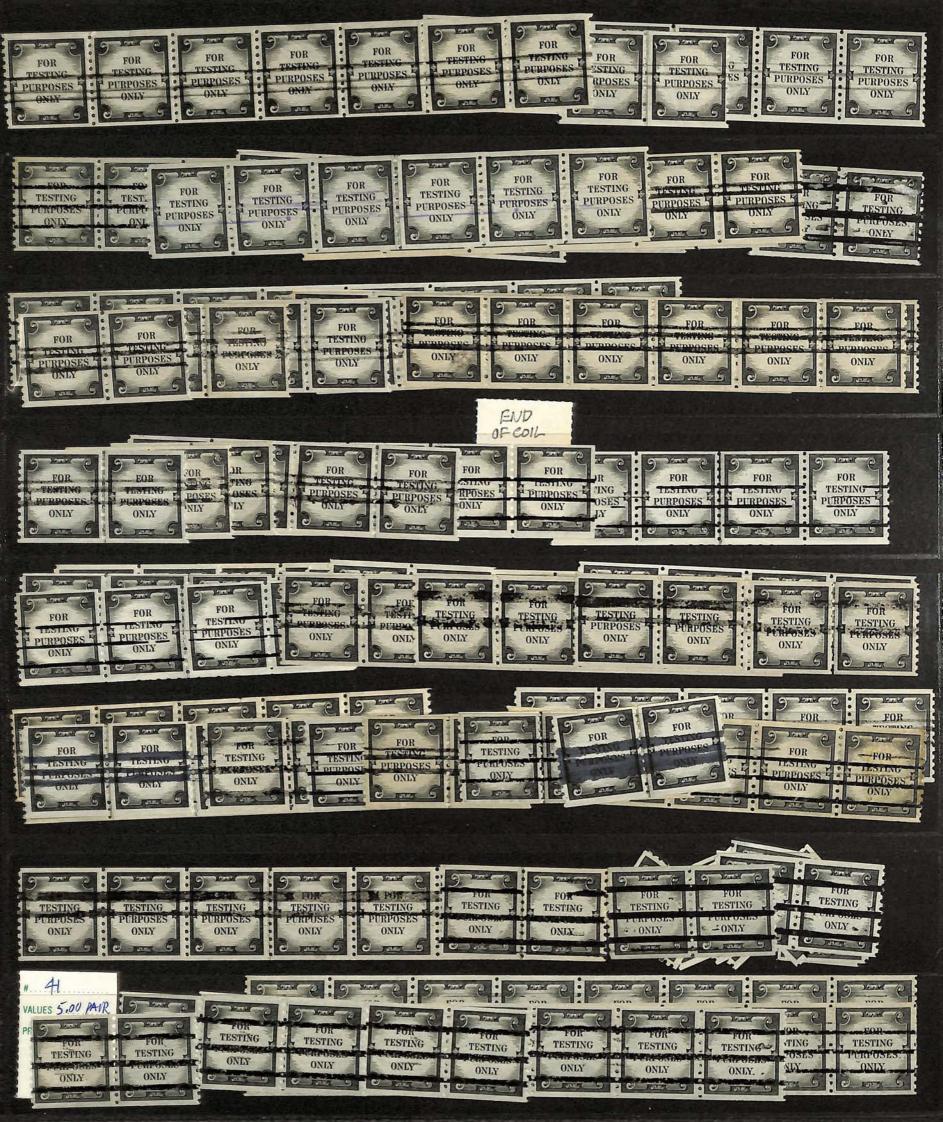




M. Gutman



M. a. S. Gill. Glendere Harrow Rows Wembley Mdy.



Scroll-design dummy coil printed in orange

In late January, a collector in Wisconsin discovered 77 United States Scroll-design dummy stamps printed in an orange color previously unknown for the design.

The dummy stamps are the familiar ones reading, "For Testing Purposes Only." The finder is Dan J. Undersander.

John Larson, Larry S. Weiss and Undersander. members of the Bureau Issues Association, reported the discovery in the April issue of the BIA's United States Specialist. Larson reported the find earlier in the year via e-mail on the Internet.

One of the dummy stamps is pictured here in color. Specialist collectors in U.S. dummy stamps believe the orange ink on the new discovery is similar to that used for the 11¢ Printing Press stamp of the Americana series, Scott 1593, issued Nov. of 100.

Previously, the Scroll dummy stamp has been known only in black, brown, green and carmine inks.

Undersander found the stamps in the Madison, Wis., area. The stamps had been in a collection purchased by a local dealer.

a talent for turning up new of the rare carmine Scroll rolls of 100, 500 and 3,000. dummy stamp, Scott 42, as



A new orange version of the familiar United States Scroll-design dummy stamp was found recently. Previously the Scroll design was known only in black, brown, green and carmine.

reported in the November 1997 United States Specialist.

The 77 orange dummy stamps in the find are all unused and undamaged, Larson and the other authors re-

They are in strips of four 13, 1975, in post-office panes or larger strips, except for a one and one-half stamp piece that is attached to part of the wrapping material once believed to have held a roll of them in a tightly wound posi-

One strip of six in the find has a joint line marking between the second and third stamps. There is no evidence Undersander seems to have of fading, tampering or alteration of the ink, paper, gum dummy stamps. He previ- or tagging. Scroll coil stamps ously discovered a line pair printed in black are known in

The orange Scroll dummy

stamps, based on the stamp stamp. The orange Scroll and a half found with part of dummy stamps also lack the the wrapping material, appear to have been processed into some finished form, according to Larson and the others.

The orange dummy stamps are tagged to glow green under shortwave ultraviolet light, just as are similar postage stamps of the era.

The orange Scrolls have the typical pebble-texture gum commonly found on dummy coil stamps printed on the Bureau of Engraving and Printing's Cottrell presses beginning about 1970.

The orange Scrolls are perforated gauge 10 vertically and the design is 191/2 millimeters wide, consistent with other Cottrell press dummy coils.

The 11¢ Printing Press sheet stamp that the orange Scrolls resemble in ink color and paper color also was a Cottrell press product.

Cottrell presses printed roll-to-roll. They used one color of ink and plates with recessed (intaglio) images.

The seams between the press's two curved plates, mounted in tandem, are what printed the joint lines collectors are familiar with. Ink built up in the seams and transferred to the stamp paper just as the stamp images did.

The gum of orange Scrolls is different from that of the 11¢ Printing Press sheet

gum breaker ridges that normally appear on the sheet

These ridges were pressed into U.S. stamps until recent years. The ridges, usually applied in the direction of the paper's natural curl, helped prevent panes of stamps from curling when stored in post office drawers.

The 11¢ Printing Press stamp was current until it was replaced Feb. 12, 1985. by the 11¢ Alden Partridge stamp in the Great Americans series.

The last of the Bureau's Cottrell presses went out of service about the same time, on Nov. 20, 1985.

The find of 77 orange Scroll dummy stamps makes them only slightly more available to collectors than the similar dummy stamp in carmine. There are 25 reported examples of the carmine dummy stamps, of which 12 are damaged by soiling.

An unsoiled strip of three of the carmine Scroll dummy stamp, with an attached partial stamp, sold in the Weiss Philatelics auction, Sale 130, Jan. 11, 1997, for \$1,540 (including the buyer's premium).

More recently, a stained carmine single in the Richard Drews auction, Sale 14, Nov. 21-23, 1997, sold for \$862.

According to Larson and the others, the orange Scrolls may have been produced in an effort to test the unusual combination of the orange ink and the gray paper. If that is the case, it may be that there are other unreported combinations of inks and papers from similar experiments related to the Americana issue.

It is also possible the orange Scrolls were produced in the normal course of making dummy stamps. Bureau personnel told Weiss that when an order came to them for dummy stamps, in the absence of specific requests otherwise, they were apt to use whatever inks and papers were handy.

Most often, dummy stamps were produced in black, but in one case a large quantity of dummy stamps were needed and green-colored ink was conveniently available and, therefore, utilized.

Dummy stamps have undergone increased popularity and study in recent years. They entered the Scott Spe-

cialized Catalogue of United States Stamp in the catalog's new Test Coils section in 1994.

The Scott listings have in turn prompted further increased collector interest.

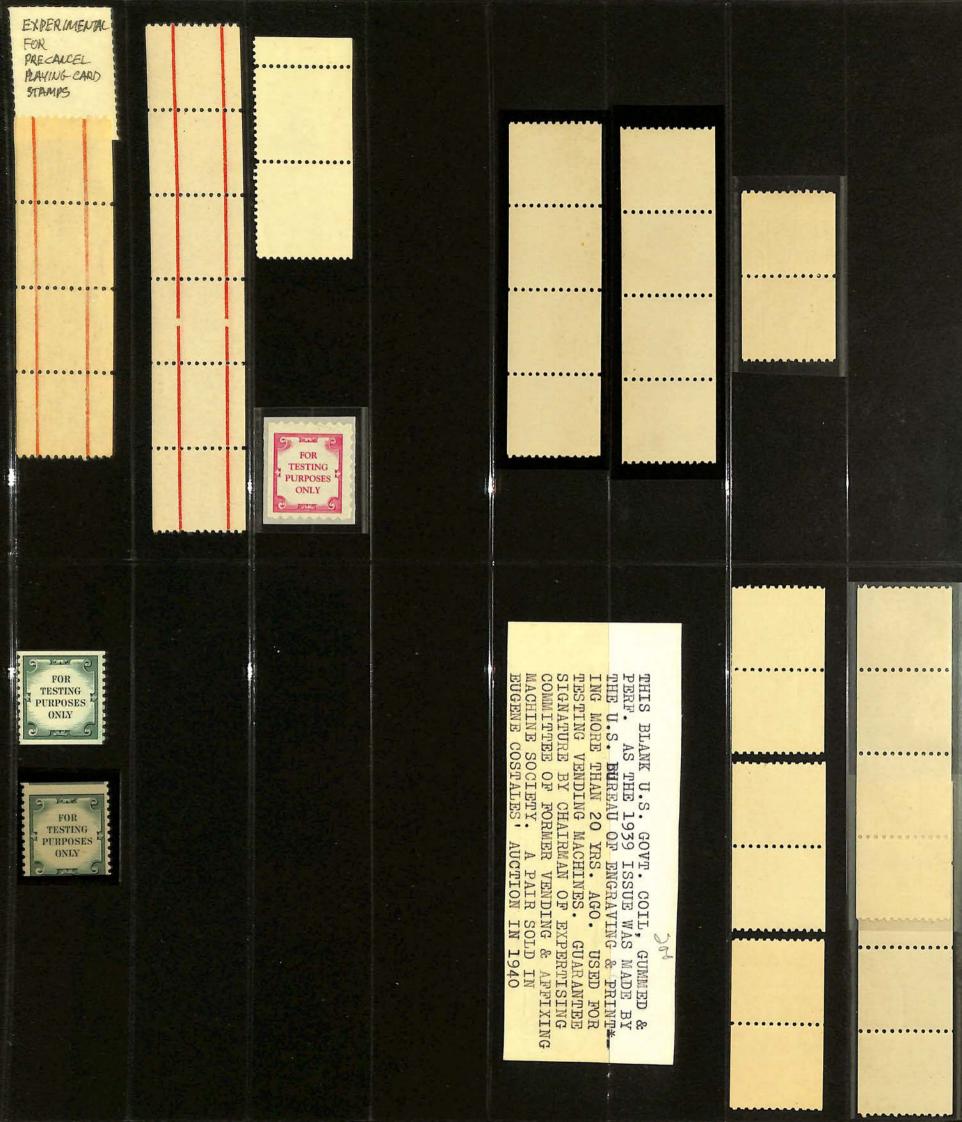
The Scott U.S. specialized catalog is slowly revising its listings, changing the title of the section to Test Stamps in 1996.

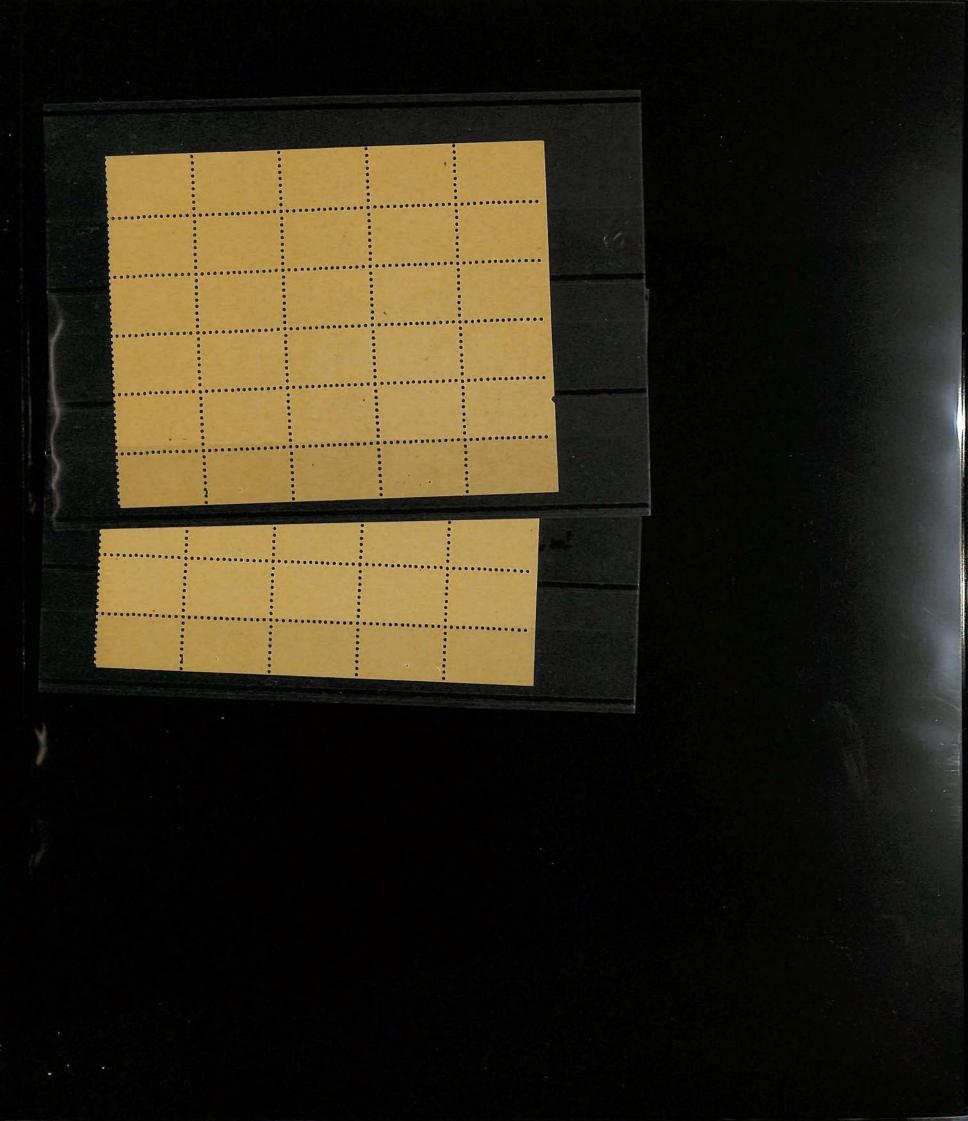
The 1998 edition of the catalog includes a note reading: "The editors are assembling data to correct, clarify and expand the listings and they welcome information and examples of stamps from interested individuals."

It is entirely possible that other varieties of dummy stamps may exist and have gone unreported.

The Bureau Issues Association promotes the collecting of U.S. postage and revenue stamps, including those of U.S. administered areas.

Information about the BIA is available from its executive secretary, David G. Lee, Box 2641, Reston, VA 20195.









DUMMY

DUMMY











1

FIVE twenty-two cent stamps

(1)







stamps





Vending Machines Sale









































































Remove center strip.

Fold to form booklet.

Peel and place self- adhesive label on envelope. No licking required.

The U.S. Postal Service offers prestamped First-Class envelopes with printed return addresses at reasonable prices including shipping & handling. Convenient quantities of 50 available; several styles & sizes offered.

Ask for an order form at your post office or write to:

STAMPED ENVELOPE AGENCY PO BOX 500 WILLIAMSBURG PA. 16693-0500

© USPS 1991 Patent Pending

Self-adhesive Labels



Convenient: No Licking!

Strong Adhesive: Stays on Envelopes!

Easy to Use: No Tearing!

Eighteen Labels



60-

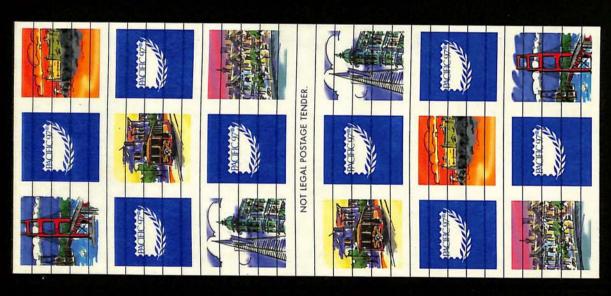


TEST/DEMONSTRATION SHEET

THE ROLL OF THE STANDARD STANDARD SHEET

THE ROLL OF THE STANDARD SHEET

THE STA



USA29
USA29
USA29

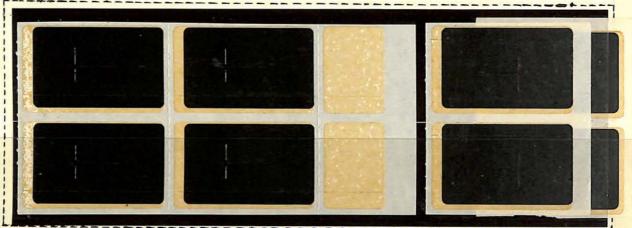
Usa29
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USA29
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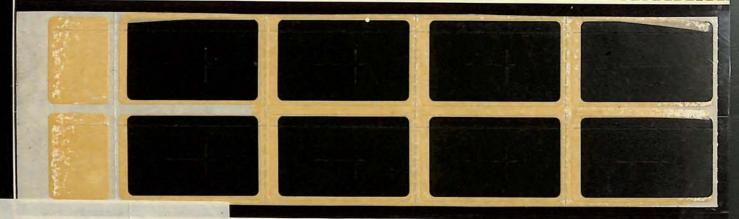
U.S. TAGGED EXPERIMENTAL ISSUE



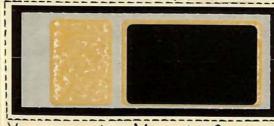
BUREAU PRINTED TESTING DUMMIES



"Perferations Out of Register"



Center Block Imperforate.



Very good Margin Copy



INTRC



"The World's First Stamps for Automated Teller Machines"



1897 issue from the "Greater New York Purchasing Stamp Co"

25¢



have inaugurated use of the trading stamp in America 1896

Sperry & Hotchinson are believed to

The evolution of the TRABING STAMP has many subtopical ramifications, herein elsewhere partly explored.

FIRST-DAY COVER

Commemorating the first general public operation of a *coin letter box, installed for official test in the General Post Office, New York, N. Y.... May 17, 1939.

This is one of a "limited edition" of 1000 commemorative first-day envelopes, prepared especially for the installation ceremony.

* The MAILOMAT - a development of Pitney-Bowes Postage Meter Co., Stamford, Conn., U. S. A.



Hon. Vincent M. Miles, Solicitor United States Post Office Department Washington, D. C.









