



POSTAGE STAMPS OF CANADA

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, OTTAWA

PROVINCE ISSUES

1851-64



Prince Albert

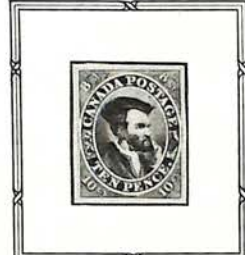


Beaver

ORG. -VERM.



Queen Victoria



Jacques Cartier



Queen Victoria



Queen Victoria



Queen Victoria

18a



Beaver



Prince Albert

20a



Queen Victoria



Jacques Cartier



Queen Victoria





POSTAGE STAMPS OF CANADA

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, OTTAWA

S1653 BLK.



Confederation between the Provinces of Upper and Lower Canada, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia under the name "Dominion of Canada" was consummated in 1867.

S1646 BLK Fst. PRINT



ISSUES OF 1868 - 97

S1654 GY. BLK



Queen Victoria

A new set of stamps followed the Confederation with the Large Cents issue appearing in 1868.



Queen Victoria



Queen Victoria
2614 PERF 11 3/4 x 12



Sc. 246

Queen Victoria



(A) S1648 FST PRINT

276 YL. BRN THIN PAPER GRASS GRN.



Queen Victoria
2814 'BALLOON'



Queen Victoria
290 R. LIL THIN PAPER



Queen Victoria

S1661b

S1669



Queen Victoria



Queen Victoria



Queen Victoria





POSTAGE STAMPS OF CANADA

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, OTTAWA

ISSUES OF 1870-89

MONTREAL and OTTAWA PRINTINGS



Queen Victoria

Queen Victoria



Queen Victoria

Queen Victoria



Queen Victoria

Queen Victoria

Queen Victoria

The Provinces of Prince Edward Island, British Columbia and Manitoba followed into Confederation shortly after the original Provinces banded together. At that time, the sizes of the stamps were reduced and additional values added to cover various postal needs. These were produced by the British-American Bank Note Co. in Montreal and Ottawa up to 1875 after which they were ordered to print them in Montreal Only. In 1888 the printing plant was moved to Ottawa from where all later printings were done. The stamps issued before February 1888 are generally referred to as Montreal printings and printings after that date are called Ottawa printings.





POSTAGE STAMPS OF CANADA

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, OTTAWA

ISSUES OF 1888 - 93

OTTAWA PRINTINGS

41a 0



41a 12x12 1/4



Queen Victoria



Queen Victoria

43vii 'HAIRBALL'



Queen Victoria
CHOC. SHADE

43RD. BRN.



44b



Queen Victoria

44a



45b



Queen Victoria



Queen Victoria



Queen Victoria





POSTAGE STAMPS OF CANADA

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, OTTAWA



Queen Victoria



Queen Victoria

QUEEN VICTORIA JUBILEE

1897



Queen Victoria



Queen Victoria



Queen Victoria



Queen Victoria



Queen Victoria



Queen Victoria

These stamps, which portray Queen Victoria in 1837 (the year she ascended the British throne at the age of eighteen) and in 1897, were issued on June 19, 1897 to mark her diamond jubilee, her sixtieth year as Queen. She continued to reign until her death in 1901.





POSTAGE STAMPS OF CANADA

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, OTTAWA

QUEEN VICTORIA JUBILEE

1897

S/G 132 YAR.



S/G 134



Queen Victoria



Queen Victoria

Queen Victoria

Queen Victoria



Queen Victoria



Queen Victoria



Queen Victoria

During her last quarter century on the throne, Victoria also held the title Empress of India, symbolic of the extent of the British Empire over which she reigned. She was succeeded by her oldest son, who ruled for nine years as Edward VII.



Queen Victoria





POSTAGE STAMPS OF CANADA

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, OTTAWA

ISSUES OF 1897

SLG 141



Queen Victoria



Queen Victoria



Queen Victoria

FANCY
CROWN
CXL



Queen Victoria



Queen Victoria



Queen Victoria



Queen Victoria



Queen Victoria

Following the Queen Victoria Jubilee issue, a new set was placed in use bearing a maple leaf in each corner with the Queen Victoria head in a center oval.





POSTAGE STAMPS OF CANADA

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, OTTAWA

ISSUES OF 1898 - 1902



Queen Victoria



Queen Victoria



Queen Victoria



Queen Victoria



Queen Victoria



Queen Victoria



Queen Victoria



Queen Victoria



Queen Victoria



Queen Victoria



Queen Victoria

The Maple Leaf Issue of 1897 was in use for a very short time. In 1898 a new set was issued which was the same as the 1897 series, except that the lower maple leaves were replaced with the numerals of value. The set is sometimes called "The Numeral Issue."



WHITE PAPER





POSTAGE STAMPS OF CANADA

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, OTTAWA

OVERPRINTS OF 1899



Queen Victoria



Queen Victoria

ISSUES OF 1903 - 08

S/G 173



S/G 174



King Edward VII



King Edward VII



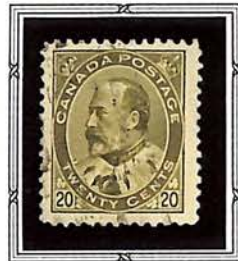
King Edward VII



King Edward VII



King Edward VII



King Edward VII



King Edward VII



STRAW
SHADE

Following the death of Queen Victoria, King Edward VII ascended to the throne of Great Britain. This set, issued in 1903, bears the likeness of the new King and was the only regular postage issue of Canada to honor him.

DP
OL
GRN





POSTAGE STAMPS OF
CANADA

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, OTTAWA

QUEBEC TRICENTENARY

1908



Princess and Prince of Wales



Jacques Cartier and Samuel Champlain



Queen Alexandra and King Edward VII



The Champlain Home, Quebec



Generals Montcalm and Wolfe



Quebec in 1700



Champlain's Departure for West



Cartier Arrives in Quebec

Where the St. Lawrence River narrows at Quebec City, French explorer Jacques Cartier in 1535 came upon an Indian village called Stadacona. But no attempt was made to establish a permanent European settlement at this spot until the start of the seventeenth century. By this time fur hats had become the fashion in Europe, increasing the demand for beaver pelts and renewing French interest in North America. Samuel de Champlain founded the first permanent European settlement at Quebec in 1608. It remained French until 1759, when the British won the battle of the Plains of Abraham.

188/95





POSTAGE STAMPS OF
CANADA

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, OTTAWA

ISSUES OF 1912 - 25



King George V *109d ROSE CAR.* King George V *5/6 20b INDIGO* King George V *5/6 250b RD. VIO.*



King George V King George V King George V King George V *116a RDISH PUR.* King George V



King George V King George V *119d GRAY GRN.* King George V *151 King George V PRINT* King George V



8 King George V *5/6 214 GREY BLACK* King George V King George V King George V *122b DP ORG*



1st PRINT (WET)





POSTAGE STAMPS OF

CANADA

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, OTTAWA

ADD'L (WET & DRY PRINTS)



WET



WET
(THIN PAPER)



DRY
(THIN PAPER)



DRY



WET



DRY



DRY

SHADE VARIETY

S.c. 108 b YL. BRN.



S/G 249 w YL. OCH.



S/G 205 b DP. BL.



S/G 206 w GY. BL.



S/G 209 YL. OCH.



S/G 210 BRN. PURP.



S/G 254 w YL. BRN.



S/G 212 OL. GRN.



WET

S/G 213 OLIVE



DRY

S/G 215 SEPIA





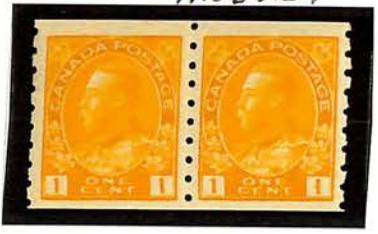
POSTAGE STAMPS OF CANADA

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, OTTAWA

'ADMIRAL' Coils



1266 DIE 1



MR 7a





POSTAGE STAMPS OF CANADA

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, OTTAWA

REGISTRATION ISSUES

1875-1889



S/G 227

S/G 236



SCARCE
CXL

12x8



WAR TAX ISSUES

1915

1916



1924





POSTAGE STAMPS OF CANADA

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, OTTAWA

SPECIAL DELIVERY ISSUES

5/6 51



1898 5/6 52



1922



1930



1927



1933



1935





POSTAGE STAMPS OF CANADA

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, OTTAWA

SPECIAL DELIVERY ISSUES

1938



Coat of Arms

1939



Coat of Arms

1939



Coat of Arms

1942



Coat of Arms and Flags

1946



Coat of Arms





POSTAGE STAMPS OF CANADA

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, OTTAWA

POSTAGE DUE ISSUES

1906 - 1928



1930 - 1932



J1a

J2a

J4a



POSTAGE STAMPS OF CANADA

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, OTTAWA

POSTAGE DUE ISSUES

1933 - 1934



1935 - 1938





POSTAGE STAMPS OF CANADA



BUILDINGS, OTTAWA

IMPERIAL PENNY POSTAGE

CONFEDERATION

167

1898

168

1917



Map of World

Map of World

Fathers of the Confederation

These stamps were issued on December 7, 1898 to commemorate the London Conference that month which established the one penny rate for mail being sent within the British Empire. The Mercator Projection map of the world highlights the territories of the widespread British Empire. The stamps were produced by engraving and typography.

This stamp was issued on September 15, 1917 to commemorate the fiftieth anniversary of Canadian Confederation. As a result of conferences over several years, the four colonies of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and Upper and Lower Canada were united as the Dominion of Canada in 1867.



Sir John A. MacDonald

60TH ANNIVERSARY OF CONFEDERATION

1927

266/70



Sir Wilfred Laurier



Fathers of the Confederation



Parliament Buildings, Ottawa



Map of Canada

Issued on June 29, 1927, these stamps mark Canada's sixtieth anniversary as a united country. Under the British North American Act of 1867, four colonies were united as the Dominion of Canada. In the years since, six more provinces and two territories have been added to the country. With some revisions, the Act of 1867 remains the "constitution" of Canada, setting forth the division of power between the federal government and the provinces and confirming the legal and language rights of the French.





POSTAGE STAMPS OF CANADA

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, OTTAWA

ISSUES OF 1928 - 29



King George V



King George V



King George V



King George V



King George V



Mt. Hurd from Bell-Smith's Painting



King George V



Bridge at Quebec



Harvesting Wheat



Schooner "Bluenose"



Parliament Buildings

S/G 285 w

In December 1928, Canada began to issue a new set of postage stamps. King George V is shown on the stamps under the 10c value, while the Provinces of the Dominion are publicized on the stamps of 10c and higher denomination.

S/G 285





POSTAGE STAMPS OF CANADA

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, OTTAWA

HISTORICAL SERIES

1927



Laurier and MacDonald



Thomas d'Arcy McGee



Baldwin and La Fontaine

271/73

This trio of stamps was to have been released in the summer of 1926 to commemorate leaders in the movement toward Canadian nationhood, but the set was not issued until June 29, 1927. Sir John A. Macdonald served as Canada's first Prime Minister from 1867 until 1873 (and again from 1878-1891). Sir Wilfred Laurier (1841-1919) was the first Canadian Prime Minister of French descent; he served as his country's leader from 1896 to 1911.

AIR MAILS

1928

274



Allegory of Flight

1930

310



Allegory, Air Mail Circles Globe

1932

313



Allegory of Flight

OTTAWA CONFERENCE

1932



King George V

Occasional conferences between Great Britain and the self-governing colonies began in 1887 as a by-product of the fiftieth anniversary of Queen Victoria's accession to the throne. The 1932 Imperial Economic Conference was held in Ottawa, and these stamps were issued on July 12, 1932.

315/17

318



Edward, Prince of Wales



British Empire Allegory

5r





POSTAGE STAMPS OF CANADA

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, OTTAWA

ISSUES OF 1930 - 31



King George V



King George V



King George V



King George V



King George V



King George V



King George V



King George V



King George V



King George V



King George V





POSTAGE STAMPS OF CANADA

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, OTTAWA

ISSUES OF 1930 - 31



The Citadel at Quebec



Parliament Library



Harvesting Wheat



Church at Grand Pre



Mt. Edith Cavell

The contract for printing Canadian stamps expired in 1930 and a new firm was given the job. At the same time, the designs were all changed. The lower values show the King's head with maple leaves in the upper corners. The higher values show famous Canadian scenes.

OVERPRINTS OF 1926



King George V



King George V





POSTAGE STAMPS OF CANADA

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, OTTAWA

ISSUES OF 1931



Sir George Etienne Cartier

ISSUES OF 1932



King George V

ISSUES OF 1932



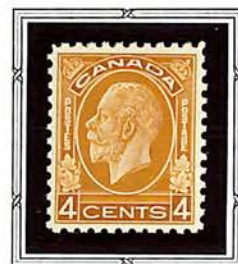
King George V



King George V



King George V



King George V



King George V



Old Citadel at Quebec



King George V





POSTAGE STAMPS OF CANADA

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, OTTAWA

POSTAL UNION 1933



Parliament Hill, Ottawa

The executive committee of the Universal Postal Union met at Ottawa in May and June of 1933, and this stamp—which shows the government buildings on Parliament Hill—was issued on May 18, 1933. The UPU, which was founded in 1874, regulates mail between countries.

NEW BRUNSWICK 1934



Seal of New Brunswick

New Brunswick first was part of the French province of Acadia; then it became part of the English province of Nova Scotia. It became a separate province in 1784 and grew rapidly due to an influx of immigrants from Great Britain and the United States.

ROYAL WILLIAM 1933



S. S. Royal William

The Royal William was the first steamship to cross the Atlantic Ocean under steam all the way. This stamp, which was released on August 17, 1933, commemorates the 100th anniversary of that first voyage between Britain and her then-colony in North America.

This stamp marks the 400th anniversary of French explorer Jacques Cartier's landing in Canada. Discoverer of the St. Lawrence River, Cartier did considerable exploration in Canada while looking for a northwest passage to the east. The stamp was issued July 1, 1934.



Arrival of Cartier

JACQUES CARTIER 1934

GRAIN CONFERENCE 1933



Harvesting Wheat

The World's Grain Exhibition and Conference was held at Regina, Saskatchewan in 1933, and this stamp was issued on July 24 of that year to mark the occasion.

AIR MAIL 1935



Daedalus

LOYALISTS 1934



Loyalist Group

During the American Revolution a number of British Loyalists emigrated from the American colonies to Canada. This stamp, issued on July 1, 1934, marks the 150th anniversary of that movement.





POSTAGE STAMPS OF CANADA

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, OTTAWA

ISSUES OF 1935

Another change in Government printers made this new set necessary.



King George V



King George V

This was the last of the King George V designs to appear on Canadian stamps.



King George V



King George V



King George V



King George V



Royal Canadian Mounted Police



Confederation Conference



Niagara Falls



Parliament Buildings Victoria, B. C.



Champlain Monument





POSTAGE STAMPS OF CANADA

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, OTTAWA

1935 - GEORGE V SILVER JUBILEE - 1935



Princess Elizabeth



King George V and Queen Mary



Duke of York



Windsor Castle



Edward, Prince of Wales



Royal Yacht "Brittania"

The twenty-fifth anniversary of the accession of George V to the British throne is commemorated by this set of stamps issued on May 4, 1935. The eldest son of King Edward VII, he ascended the throne on May 6, 1910 and reigned until 1936. The Prince of Wales succeeded his father, reigning briefly as Edward VIII.

GEORGE VI CORONATION

1937



King George VI and Queen Elizabeth

When his brother, King Edward VIII, abdicated in order to marry Wallis Warfield Simpson, Prince Albert (Duke of York) ascended the throne as King George VI. This stamp marks his coronation on May 12, 1937.

ROYAL VISIT

1939



Elizabeth and Margaret Rose



War Memorial, Ottawa



King George VI and Queen Elizabeth

King George VI was the first reigning monarch of Canada actually to visit that country.





POSTAGE STAMPS OF CANADA

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, OTTAWA

ISSUES OF 1937-38



King George VI



King George VI



King George VI



King George VI



King George VI



King George VI

These were the first of the new King George VI portraits.



Entrance to Halifax Harbor



Fort Garry Gate - Winnipeg



Memorial Hall



Vancouver Harbor



Chateau de Ramezay





POSTAGE STAMPS OF CANADA

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, OTTAWA

ISSUES OF 1942-3



King George VI



King George VI



King George VI



King George VI



King George VI



Grain Elevator



King George VI



Farm Scene

15

The stamps in this set were placed in regular use during 1942 and 1943 to picture Canada's contributions to the war effort on the side of the Allies in World War II.





POSTAGE STAMPS OF CANADA

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, OTTAWA

ISSUES OF 1942-3



Parliament Buildings



"Ram" Tank



"Ram" Tank



Corvette



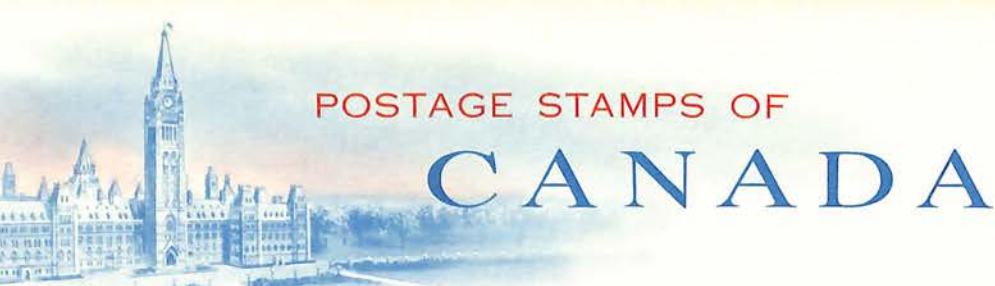
Munitions Factory



Destroyer

16





POSTAGE STAMPS OF CANADA

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, OTTAWA

ISSUES OF 1946



Farm Scene



Great Bear Lake



Hydro-electric Station



Reaper and Harvester



Lumbering in British Columbia



Prince Edward Island Train Ferry

The stamps on this page were issued in 1946 to replace the war designs in the 1942-43 set. The stamps illustrate the changeover to peacetime productions.

