

Issue of 1902-03

PERFORATED 12

DOUBLE-LINE WATERMARK



211

Benjamin Franklin



212

George Washington



213

Andrew Jackson



214

Ulysses S. Grant



215

Abraham Lincoln



216

James A. Garfield



Martha Washington



218

Daniel Webster



Benjamin Harrison



220

Henry Clay



221

Thomas Jefferson



222

David G. Farragut



223

James Madison



224

John Marshall

Issue of 1906-08

IMPERFORATE



Benjamin Franklin



227

Abraham Lincoln

Issue of 1903-06

PERFORATED 12

IMPERFORATE



231, 232

George Washington



George Washington

THIS series of postage stamps featured elaborately engraved framed designs with the name of the person and the years of birth and death on each stamp directly under each portrait. For the first time in United States postal history an American woman, Martha Washington, graced a stamp, the 8¢ value.



Issue of 1908-17

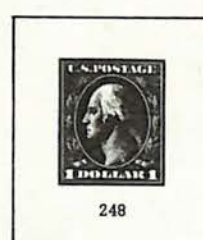
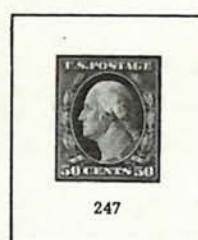
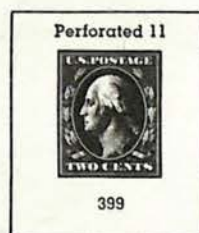
Perforated 12
Double-line Watermark



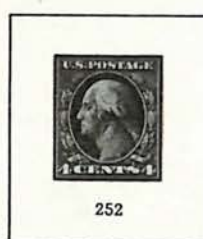
Benjamin Franklin



George Washington



Imperforate



This series for the sake of uniformity and artistic effect featured the head of George Washington on all of the denominations except the 1¢ which portrayed Benjamin Franklin. Part of this issue was printed on a stock which was made of 35 per cent rag and are known as "bluish paper," although they are actually grayish in appearance. Most of the denominations printed on this paper are rare.

UNITED STATES



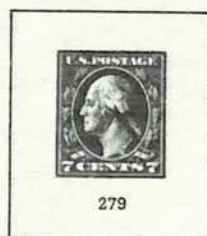
POSTAL ISSUES

Issue of 1910-14

Perforated 12
Single-line Watermark



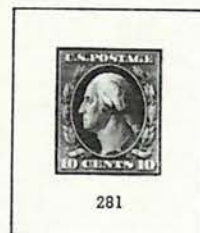
275



279



280



281

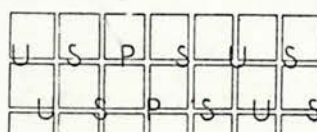


282

Imperforate



This issue employed the same designs as the previous series. A single line style of watermark was used.



Single-line



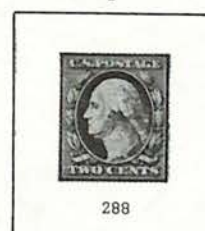
Issue of 1910-13

Coil Stamps
Single-line Watermark

Perforated 12 Horizontally



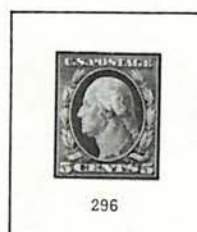
Perforated 12 Vertically



Perforated 8½ Horizontally



Perforated 8½ Vertically



This series of coil stamps featured the designs of the previous regular issues. As an experiment the Bureau of Engraving and Printing used a 8½ perforation instead of the usual 12 in an effort to find a more suitable size. The 3¢ perforated 12 stamp of this series is the rarest coil only a few being used at Orangeburg, N. Y. and for that reason is omitted from this album.

*Issue of 1912*

Single-line Watermark

Perforated 12



Imperforate



Coil Stamps

Perforated 8½ Horizontally



Perforated 8½ Vertically

*Issue of 1912-14*

Perforated 12

Single-line Watermark



Double-line Watermark

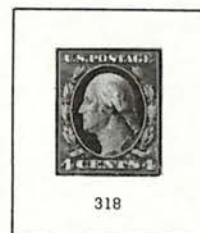


The portrait of Benjamin Franklin was featured on the entire set of this issue. The 50¢ denomination appeared with both types of watermark.

*Issue of 1914-15*

Perforated 10

Single-line Watermark



318



319



320



323



324



325



326



327



328



330

Perforated 10



331

Perforated 11



332

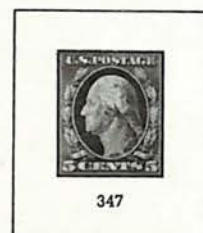
The portraits of George Washington and Benjamin Franklin were again used as the prominent part of the design on this issue. The larger-holed perforation 10 was placed in use to prevent sheets from falling apart due to the fineness of the perforation 12.

*Issue of 1914*

Coil Stamps, Flat Plate Printing
Perforated 10 Horizontally
Single-line Watermark

*Perforated 10 Vertically**Issue of 1914-16*

Coil Stamps, Rotary Press
Perforated 10 Vertically

*Perforated 10 Horizontally*

With the coil issue of 1914-16 a rotary press was used for the first time in printing United States stamps. Rotary press stamps are printed from curved plates and are therefore slightly larger either vertically or horizontally than flat plate printings. This process of printing enabled the Bureau to produce stamps more quickly.



Issue of 1916-17

Flat Plate Printing

Perforated 10, Unwatermarked



350

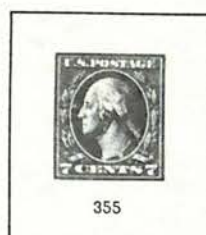
351



352



354



355



356



357



359



361



362



363



364



365



366

The stamps of this series were a repeat of previous issues but with differences discernible only to stamp collectors. They were printed on unwatermarked paper and the \$2 and \$5 values were previously issued perforated 12. One of the most spectacular errors occurred in the printing of this series. Sheets of the 2¢ value were found with one stamp being of the 5¢ denomination. This was found on the lower right sheet of plate number 7942. On the Upper left sheet of plate number 7942 a double error was found. These errors continued to appear in later printings of the 2¢ stamp imperforate and perforated 11 and are greatly desired by stamp collectors.

*Issue of 1916-17*

Plate Plate Printing

Imperforate

Unwatermarked

*Issue of 1916-22*

Rotary Press Printing

Coils Perforated 10 Horizontally

Unwatermarked



Perforated 10 Vertically



*Issue of 1917-19*

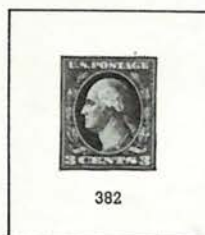
Flat Plate Printing

Perforated 11

Unwatermarked



381



382



383



384



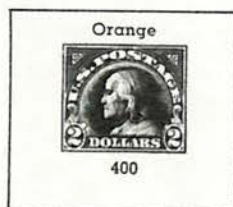
386



394

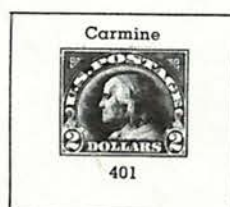


398



Orange

400



Carmine

401



402

The Bureau of Engraving and Printing was still trying to find a more suitable size of perforation. Perforation 12 was found to be too fragile and perforation, 10 was too strong, causing damage to stamps during separation. To remedy these defects perforation 11 was used for this series.

*Issue of 1918-20*

Offset Printing

Perforated 11



Perforated 11



Perforated 11



Perforated 12½



Imperforate



The Bureau again experimenting tried with the 1918-20 issues to use the offset method of printing (a type of lithography). It was not successful and was soon discontinued.

Issue of 1919-21

Rotary Press Printing

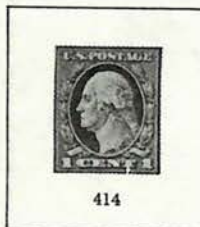
Perforated 11 x 10



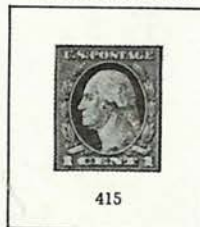
Perforated 10 x 11



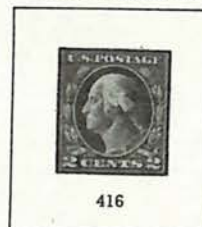
Perforated 10



Perforated 11



Perforated 11



Stamps which were originally intended to be issued in coil form but were later perforated fully are known as coil waste, and some of the above issues were created in this manner.



Issue of 1922-26

Flat Plate Printing

Perforated 11



Nathan Hale



Benjamin Franklin



Warren G. Harding



George Washington



Abraham Lincoln



Martha Washington



Theodore Roosevelt



James A. Garfield



William McKinley



Ulysses S. Grant



Thomas Jefferson



James Monroe



Rutherford B. Hayes



Grover Cleveland



Benjamin Harrison



American Indian

*Issue of 1923-26*

Rotary Press Printing

Perforated 11 x 10



446



447

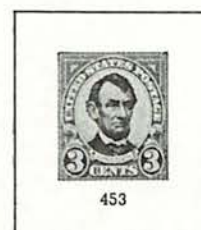
Perforated 10



450



452



453



459



The same designs used in the previous issue were used for this printing. In order to overcome the tendency of Rotary Press stamps to curl, the Bureau of Engraving and Printing used gum breaker bars. These bars which are colorless, raised, impressions may be seen on the gummed side of mint rotary press stamps.

PARCEL POST STAMPS

Issue of 1912-13

PERFORATED 12

SINGLE-LINE WATERMARK



PP1

Post Office Clerk



PP2

City Carrier



PP3

Railway Postal Clerk



PP4

Rural Carrier



PP5

Mail Train



PP6

Steamship and Mail Tender



PP7

Automobile Service



PP8

Airplane Carrying Mail



PP9

Manufacturing



PP10

Dairying



Harvesting



PP12

Fruit Growing

SPECIFICALLY created to meet the requirements of fourth class matter by Act of Congress approved August 24, 1912, these stamps were declared valid for all purposes for which regular stamps were valid. The 20 cent value featured as the central part of its design an aeroplane and this was the first time any country had ever featured an aeroplane on its stamps.

HUNTING PERMIT STAMPS

(continued)

Issue of 1946



Issue of 1947



RH14

Issue of 1948



RH15

Issue of 1949



RH16

Issue of 1950



RH17

Issue of 1951



RH18

Issue of 1952



RH19

Issue of 1953



RH20

Issue of 1954



RH21

Issue of 1955



RH22

Issue of 1956



RH23

Issue of 1957



RH24



HUNTING PERMIT STAMPS

(continued)

Issue of 1978



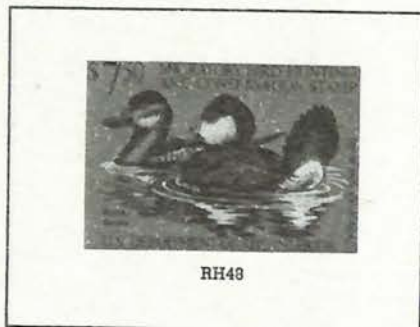
Issue of 1979



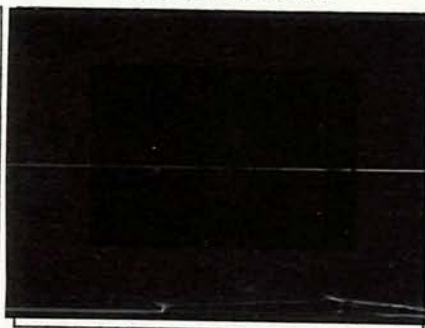
Issue of 1980



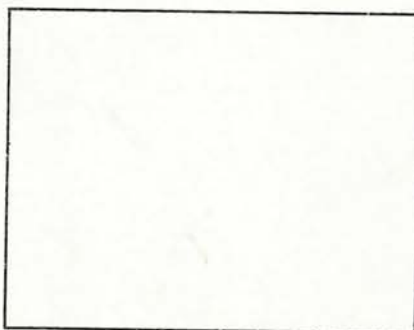
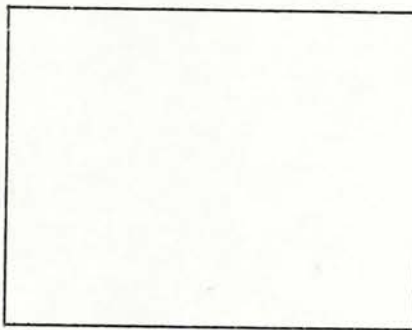
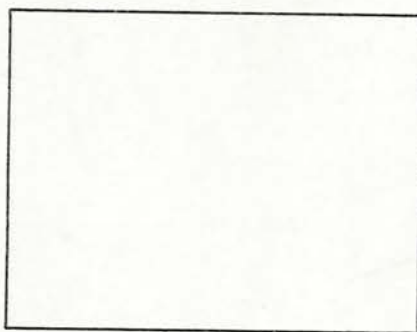
Issue of 1981



Issue of 1982



Issue of 1983





Booklet Panes

Rotary Press Printing

1973 - 1974



678

Booklet pane of 8 with experimental gum.



Booklet pane of 5 with experimental gum.

Airmail Booklet Pane



Booklet pane of 5 with experimental gum.



678

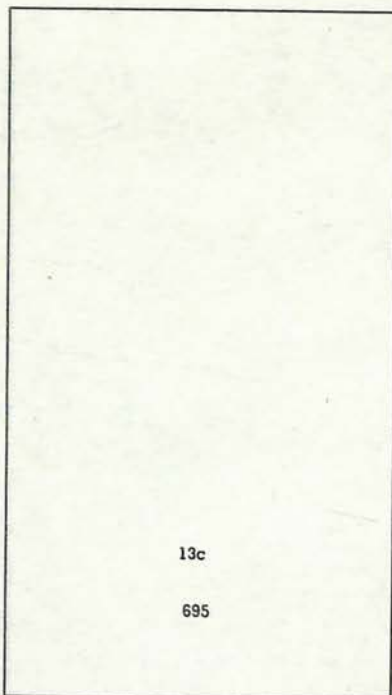
Booklet pane of 6 with experimental gum.

UNITED STATES

POSTAL ISSUES



Americana Series of 1975
LIBERTY BELL BOOKLET PANES



13c

695

Booklet Pane of 6



695

Booklet Pane of 7



Booklet Pane of 8

UNITED STATES

POSTAL ISSUES



Americana Series

LIBERTY BELL BOOKLET PANE

1976



Booklet Pane of 5

UNITED STATES



POSTAL ISSUES

Booklet Panes

1978



Non-Denominational



Oliver Wendell Holmes



Fort McHenry



Roses

Columbian Exposition

Chicago, Illinois, 1893



Columbus in Sight of Land



CM2

Landing of Columbus



CM3

Flagship of Columbus



CM4

Fleet of Columbus



CM5

Soliciting Aid from Isabella



CM6

Welcomed at Barcelona



CM7

Columbus Restored to Favor



CM8

Columbus Presenting Natives



CM9

Announcing His Discovery



CM10

Columbus at La Rabida



CM11

Recall of Columbus

Placed on sale at Post Offices throughout the nation on Monday, January 2, 1893, the Columbian series of postage stamps commemorated the 400th Anniversary of the discovery of America by Christopher Columbus in 1492. The eight cent stamp was not originally planned with the series and was not issued until March 3, 1893.



Columbian Exposition

(continued)



CM12

Isabella Pledging Her Jewels



CM13

Columbus in Chains



CM14

Describing His Third Voyage



CM15

Isabella and Columbus



CM16

Christopher Columbus

Trans-Mississippi Exposition

Omaha, Nebraska, 1898



Marquette on the Mississippi



Farming in the West



CM19

Indian Hunting Buffalo



CM20

Fremont on the Rocky Mountains



CM21

Troops Guarding Train



CM22

Hardships of Emigration



CM23

Western Mining Prospector



CM24

Western Cattle in Storm



CM25

Mississippi River Bridge

Issued in connection with the Trans-Mississippi Exposition held in Omaha, Nebraska, in 1898, the series was placed on sale June 10th and discontinued on December 31, 1898. The designs, many of which are considered to be among the world's most beautiful postage stamps, show the development of the great mid-west.

Pan-American Exposition



Fast Lake Navigation



Fast Express



CM28

Automobile



CM29

Bridge at Niagara Falls



Canal Locks at Sault Ste. Marie



CM31

Fast Ocean Navigation

Placed on sale on May 1, 1901 and withdrawn from sale October 31, 1901, the dates fixed for the opening and closing of the Pan-American Exposition held at Buffalo, N. Y. The 1c, 2c, and 4c Denominations are known with inverted centers and are extremely scarce.

Louisiana Purchase Exposition

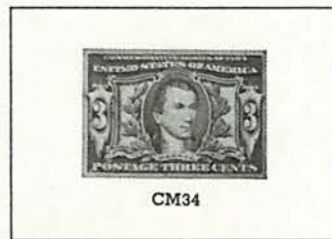
St. Louis, Missouri, 1904



Robert R. Livingston



Thomas Jefferson



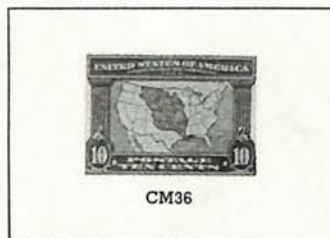
CM34

James Monroe



CM35

William McKinley



CM36

Map of Louisiana Purchase

Placed on sale April 30, 1904 and withdrawn from sale on December 1, 1904. The stamps commemorate the centennial of the Louisiana Purchase and the designs picture the persons connected with the purchase and with the Exposition. Livingston, as minister to France, conducted the negotiations, Monroe as special ambassador to France in the matter of the purchase, President Jefferson during whose administration the purchase was made, and McKinley, who approved the acts of Congress connecting the government with the exposition.

Jamestown Exposition

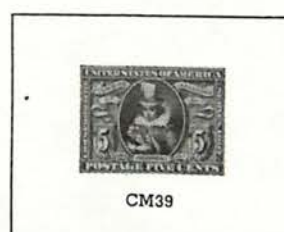
Hampton Roads, Virginia, 1907



Captain John Smith



Founding of Jamestown



CM39

Pocahontas

Issued April 25, 1907 to commemorate the 300th anniversary of the founding of Jamestown. The leader of the founding colonists was Capt. John Smith, whose life was saved by Pocahontas when she threw herself between him and an Indian's axe. Stamps were in use during the Jamestown Exposition and withdrawn from sale when the Exposition closed, December 1, 1907. The figures in the upper corners of the 1c stamp are Pocahontas and Powhatan.

Lincoln Memorial

1909



Perforated 12

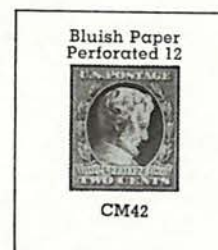
CM40



Imperforate Pair

CM41

Lincoln

Bluish Paper
Perforated 12

CM42

Issued to commemorate the 100th anniversary of the birth of Abraham Lincoln. The design is from St. Gaudens' statue of Lincoln. The stamps were issued both perforate and imperforate, and on the experimental "bluish" paper.

Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition

Seattle, Washington, 1909



Imperforate Pair

CM44

William H. Seward



9, in connection with the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition held in Seattle, year, to celebrate the purchase from Russia of the Alaska territory. Seward was Secretary of State and negotiated the purchase.



Hudson-Fulton Celebration

New York, N. Y. 1909



Imperforate Pair



CM46

S.S. "Clermont" and the "Half Moon"

25, 1909 to commemorate the 300th anniversary of the discovery of the r and the centenary of Robert Fulton's steamship "Clermont."



Panama-Pacific Exposition

San Francisco, California, 1915

Perforated 12



Balboa



Panama Canal



Golden Gate



CM50



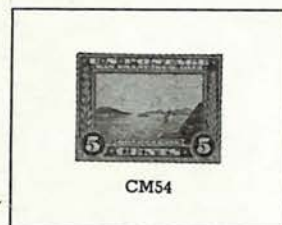
Orange

CM51



Discovery of San Francisco Bay

Perforated 10



CM54



CM55

First issued in late 1912 (officially January 1, 1913) the stamps served the dual purpose of Commemorating the Panama Canal and, also, publicising the Panama-Pacific Exposition planned to be held in San Francisco in 1915. The original issue was perforated 12 and later, in 1915, appeared perforated 10. Original color of the 10c was an orange-yellow. Changed, officially, on August 25, 1913, to a darker shade known to philatelists as "orange".

Victory Stamp 1919



Victory and Flags of the Allies

Issued on March 3, 1919 to commemorate the successful conclusion of World War I. Flags depicted are United States (in center), British, Belgian, Italian and French.

Pilgrim Tercentenary 1920



The Mayflower



Landing of the Pilgrims



Signing the Compact

To commemorate the 300th anniversary of the Landing of the Pilgrims in December 1620 at Plymouth, Mass.



Historical



Imperforate Pair



CM61

Warren G. Harding

Issued in memory of President Warren G. Harding. First placed on sale (flat plate Perf. 11) on September 1, 1923 at Marion, Ohio and Washington, D.C. The imperforate stamps were first placed on sale November 15, 1923 at the Philatelic Agency in Washington, D.C. and Rotary Press printings were issued September 12, 1923.



Huguenot-Walloon Tercentenary

1924



Ship, New Netherlands



Landing at Fort Orange



Issued to commemorate the 300th anniversary of the settling of the Walloons in New Netherlands, now the State of New York. First placed on sale on May 1, 1924.

Lexington-Concord

1925



Washington at Cambridge



The Minute Man

Issued to commemorate the 150th anniversary of the battles of Lexington and Concord. First placed on sale May 18, 1925.



Sloop Restaurationen



Viking Ship

To commemorate the 100th anniversary of the arrival at New York, on October 9th, 1825, of the first immigrants to the United States from Norway. First placed on sale May 18, 1925. The 5c stamp features an exact copy of a Viking ship that was sailed to Chicago from Norway in 1893 by Capt. Magnus Anderson and a crew of twenty sailors.